Jenny Stenberg | Associate Professor | Chalmers Architecture | Sweden



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Applying the compact city concept to a Swedish large-scale housing area by integrating research, education and community outreach

Jenny Stenberg, Liane Thuvander,

Department of Architecture, Chalmers University of Technology, Sweden

Jaan-Henrik Kain & Marco Adelfio

Jenny Stenberg | Associate Professor | Chalmers Architecture | Sweden



Exploring qualities, drivers and strategies for promoting mixed-use urban development



Urban density is studied in three cities:

Barcelona Rotterdam Gothenburg



A very dense city:

- + Culture, innovation and quality of life
- Air pollution and lack of public and green space

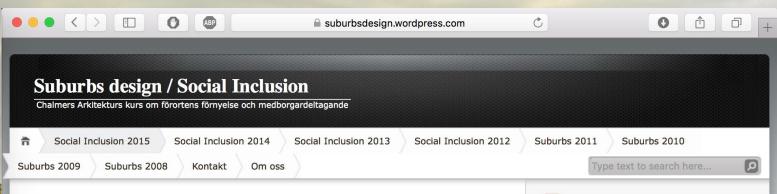
A densifying dispersed city:

- + Many initiativ to vitalize the city
- Social and economic segregation

A still very dispersed city:

- + Large green areas, great opportunities
- Social, economic and spatial segregation





Social Inclusion 2015

Design and Planning for Social Inclusion 2015

Projektpublikation:

Fem grupper av arkitekt-, planerar- och landskapsarkitekt- och ingenjörsstudenter från elva olika länder arbetade under kursen med olika projekt i Angereds område. Projekten ställdes ut och presenterades offentligt den 17 december 2015 på Folkets Hus vid Hammarkulletorget i Hammarkullen.

Nedan hittar du länkar till gruppernas utställnings material så som den blev presenterat i december.

Below you will find the exhibition material for the projects carried out by the five student groups in Angered, a suburban area in Gothenburg.



Group 1 – Bredfjällsgatan 2021 – A participatory design for renovation of a Million Programme area

Previously announced as:

SWE: Boendeinflytande i renoveringsprojekt på Bredfjällsgatan, Hammarkullen ENG: Tenants influence in a renovation project in Bredfjällsgatan, Hammarkullen

RSS feed

SENASTE INLÄGGEN

- Projektarbetena från 2015 är nu publicerade! december 24, 2015
- INBJUDAN: Utställning + presentation i Hammarkullen – Chalmers arkitektstudenters projekt december 11, 2015
- Projektarbetena från 2014 är nu publicerade! februari 17, 2015
- Social Inclusion 2014 Projects exhibition posters januari 7, 2015
- 18 December 2014 Exhibition and presentations in Hammarkullen! december 11, 2014
- Projektarbetena är nu publicerade februari 11, 2014
- Utställning och presentation! december 10, 2013
- Design and Planning for Social Inclusion 2013 april 12, 2013
- Siriusgatan november 21, 2012
- Hej Stacken! november 20, 2012
- Lärandets Torg vision in Hammarkullen november 19, 2012
- MOVEMENTS. CONNECTIONS.
 SAFETY. BERGSJON! Fölia, 20:



Hammarkullen

The area was constructed during the 1960s and 70s to respond to urgent housing needs and housing degradation in the city centre.











Students' contribution

Social Intensification | Jonathan Westlin, Jakub Dvorak, Siri Ersson, Luisa Sarvia, Caroline Sollerhed

Their task was to *in cooperation* with inhabitants seeking knowledge about what densification can mean in Hammarkullen – a suburb from the 1960s and 70s.

- should it be densified?
- what is it to be denser? physical environment? or something completely different?
- and where should it then be densified?



Board for citizen dialogue at the tram stop.

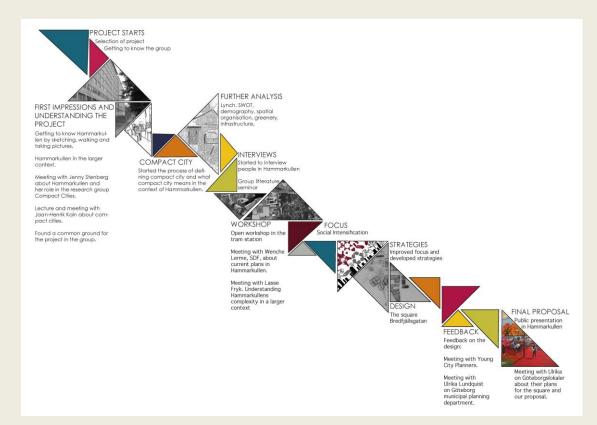
Students' contribution

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Using codesigning methods.

Results:

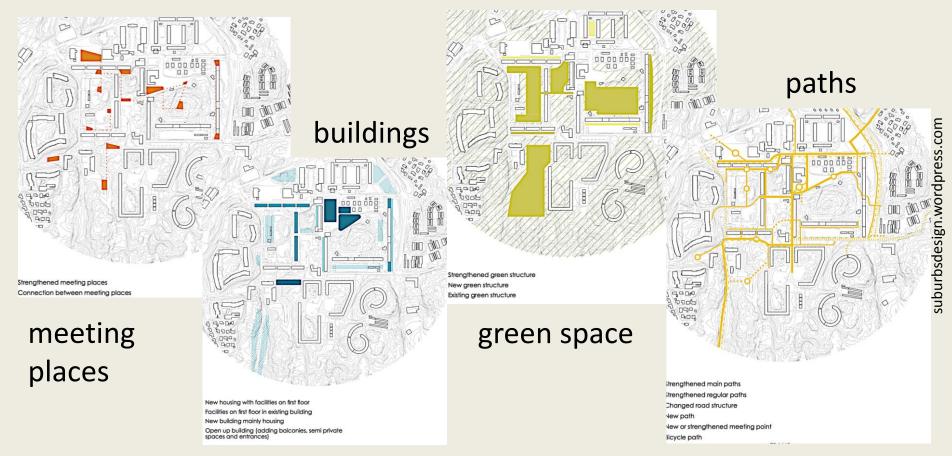
- Identified four layers as relevant to a densification strategy.
- Design proposals for two specific places.



The greatest focus on social outdoor life. New buildings should thus contribute to social life.

Students' contribution

Social Intensification | Jonathan Westlin, Jakub Dvorak, Siri Ersson, Luisa Sarvia, Caroline Sollerhed



Students' contribution

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Place 1



Proposed space for leisure activity areas at the gravel yard behind Bredfjällsgatan.

Students' contribution

Social Intensification | Jonathan Westlin, Jakub Dvorak, Siri Ersson, Luisa Sarvia, Caroline Sollerhed



Students' contribution

Social Intensification | Jonathan Westlin, Jakub Dvorak, Siri Ersson, Luisa Sarvia, Caroline Sollerhed

Place 1



Proposed extensions for cultural activities and entrepreneurs at Bredfjällsgatan.

Students' contribution

Social Intensification | Jonathan Westlin, Jakub Dvorak, Siri Ersson, Luisa Sarvia, Caroline Sollerhed

Place 2



The square:

Proposed new housing makes the square more spatially confined and creates more social life.

Students' contribution

Social Intensification | Jonathan Westlin, Jakub Dvorak, Siri Ersson, Luisa Sarvia, Caroline Sollerhed

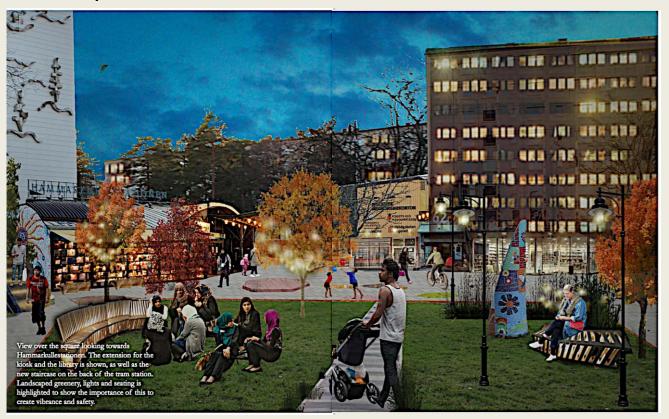


Proposed new housing makes the square more spatially confined and creates more social life.

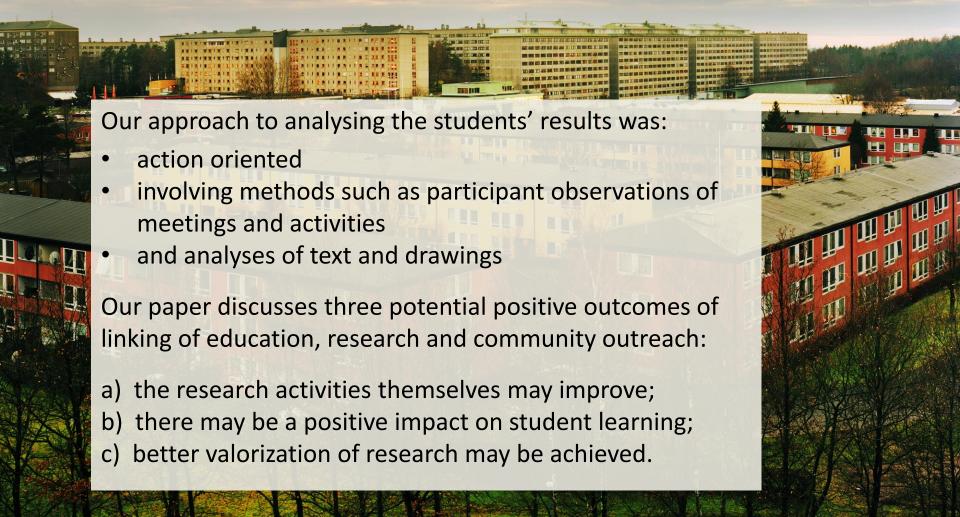
Students' contribution

Social Intensification | Jonathan Westlin, Jakub Dvorak, Siri Ersson, Luisa Sarvia, Caroline Sollerhed

Place 2



Proposed new housing makes the square more spatially confined and creates more social life.



a) Quality of research

- extra time resources for studies based on dialogue with inhabitants and other local actors
- new knowledge input from recently educated professionals with a »young« critical perspective
- the inhabitants guided the students towards putting the social perspective as a starting point for urban densification
- enabled a better understanding of what social aspects to focus on
- the locations at which these social problems could best be addressed through physical interventions
- developed design proposals for how the physical structure could be improved – any proposed buildings must contribute to social intensification outdoors
- making the research more relevant
- lead to identification of more pertinent questions for future research

b) Student learning

- by integrating research and higher education, students had access to researchers' knowledge and the latest research findings
- by integrating learning and community outreach, students gained socially relevant knowledge
- through reality-based studies, they learned how to apply transdisciplinary methods in quite challenging situations
- working with a topic that was still undefined because it was part of on-going research was both challenging and educational
- learned to think about the compact city and its values in different terms – critically assess what aspects actually should be densified
- showed how the design professions could be developed in a new direction – to handle »wicked« problems or complex urban issues
- identified the need for a systemic change in praxis to make it socially relevant to face present and future urban challenges

c) Valorization of research results

- relevant to the larger research project on compact cities, and for municipal planners currently densifying Hammarkullen
- local management influencing the assignments and acting as extra supervisors
- students have been employed locally to further develop their work
- however, valorization of research results higher up in the hierarchies has not been as easy: they had obvious difficulties understanding what the students had done.
 - → their perception of themselves as experts in spatial design/planning hindered them from learning from inhabitants
 - →experiential knowledge of inhabitants is as valuable as their own expertise

c) Valorization of research results

- relevant to the larger research project on compact cities, and for municipal planners currently densifying Hammarkullen
- local management influencing the assignments and acting as extra supervisors
- students have been employed locally to further develop their work
- however, valorization of research results higher up in the hierarchies has not been as easy
- potential for opening up the minds of young people with immigrant backgrounds towards the university and possibilities to pursue higher education as well as for bringing the universities closer to parts of our society where they are currently absent – widening participation is a governmental directive

Topics for future research

- research on the compact city needs to have a strong social focus in parallel with its focus on other aspects
- particularly interesting to investigate further in stigmatized largescale housing areas built in the 1960s and 70s, because planners'/developers' and inhabitants' perspectives on what adequate densification actually entails seem to differ radically
- education and research have different rationales and time frames
 a need to bridge these to avoid leaving students in the position of being too self-sufficient and vulnerable
- the apparent mismatch between what planners say and what they
 do, emphasizes the need for a better understanding of how the
 planning system can coproduce urban knowledge and action with
 other stakeholders, including citizens

